

Round 3

1. He was Poet Laureate for England from 1936 until his death in 1967. Who was this writer best known for his poems of the sea including "Cargoes" and "Sea Fever?"

John Masefield

2. In March 1998, Joe Carollo, the incumbent, won his suit alleging election fraud against Xavier Suarez, the challenger and mayor-elect of what notoriously corrupt major US city?

Miami, Florida

3. Known in Eskimo as Nuuk, it was founded in 1721 near the ruins of a 10th century Norse settlement. What is this town on the Davis Strait, the capital of Greenland?

Godthåb (Godthaab)

4. This German composer and organist greatly influenced J.S. Bach since he was the teacher of Bach's older brother. Who was this 17th century composer of church music most famous for his *Canon in D Major*?

Johann Pachelbel

5. What French sociologist and anthropologist compared social order in small-scale societies to that in industrial ones in his 1893 work, *The Division of Labour in Society*?

Emil Durkheim

6. He stated that the total electric flux through a closed surface is proportional to the charge enclosed in that surface. Who was this German mathematician, after whom was named the unit of magnetic induction?

Carl Friedrich Gauss

7. The Archbishop of Mainz got permission from Pope Leo X for this man to go about his work. Who was this Dominican friar attacked by Martin Luther in his 95 Theses for selling plenary indulgences?

Johan Tezel (Tetzel)

8. Followed up by *Men Against the Sea* and *Pitcairn's Island*, what Charles Nordhoff and James Hall novel chronicles the rebellion led by Fletcher Christian against their cruel commander, Captain William Bligh?

Mutiny on the Bounty

9. In return for his services, Zeus gave his father, Tros, a stud of exceptional value. Who was this beautiful Trojan youth whisked away to Mt. Olympus by an eagle, where he became cupbearer to the gods?

Ganymede

10. It's from the same genus of the mustard family as the cabbage and grows in two principal varieties: the white and the yellow, which is also known as the Swedish variety or rutabaga. What is this garden vegetable that yields no blood when squeezed?

turnip

11. Although usually remembered around Christmas, his feast day is September 28. A pious Christian, he made peace with Henry the Fowler of Germany, but was assassinated in 929 by his brother Boleslav I, who succeeded him as Duke of Bohemia. Who was this "good king?"

St. Wenceslas

12. The president resides at Aspen Lodge there, and for a time it was known as Number Four for security reasons after Kennedy's assassination. Named after Eisenhower's grandson and originally called Shangri-la, what is this retreat and site of the Egyptian-Israeli peace accord?

Camp David

13. The US assumed claims against the Mexican government of \$3.25 million. The Rio Grande was accepted as the boundary of Texas. The territories of New Mexico and California were ceded to the US for \$15 million. These were the terms of what 1848 treaty?

Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo

14. He is known as the Primate of England, but is not the first peer of the realm, with that honor going to the archbishop of Canterbury, who is the Primate of *all* England. Who is this only other archbishop of the Anglican Church?

the Archbishop of York

15. Unlike Hamlet, he is a man of action. Originally he planned to invade Denmark, but invaded Poland instead. Who is this Prince of Norway who arrives to claim the Danish throne after Hamlet's death?

Fortinbras

16. At $x=4$, what is the slope of a line tangent to the curve $y = x^3 + 4x^2 + 9$?

70

17. For acetylene, it's CH. For benzene, it's also CH. What is this type of chemical formula that describes the basic mathematical relationship among the components of a substance?

Empirical formula

18. Made a republic of Yugoslavia in 1946, its capital is Podgorica. What is this remaining state, along with Serbia, in the modern nation of Yugoslavia?

Montenegro

19. He first appeared in *The Happy Return* and is the central character in 12 books, including *Flying Colours* and *A Ship of the Line*. Who is this British naval officer during the Napoleonic Wars, the creation of C. S. Forester?

Horatio Hornblower

20. Ruled a violation of the Sherman Anti-trust Act, into what J.P. Morgan-owned company did James Hill and Averill Harriman try to merge their railroads?

the Northern Securities Company

End of 1st Quarter

21. The founder of modern Italian architecture, he modeled his work on that of ancient Rome and designed many of the palaces and villas in the Vicenza region, most notably the Villa Rotunda. Who was this 16th century architect and author of *The Four Books of Architecture*?

Andrea Palladio

22. During the 1970s he turned from acting in critically acclaimed films to produce and direct such so-called "comedies" as *Stir Crazy* and *Ghost Dad*, which starred Bill Cosby. Who is this star of *Lilies of the Field* and *Guess Who's Coming to Dinner*?

Sidney Poitier

23. His earliest play, *The Butterfly's Evil Spell*, flopped, but he achieved widespread fame with his poetry and later dramatic works. Who was this major Spanish author of the 20th century, famous for his plays, *The House of Bernarda Alba* and *Blood Wedding*?

Federico García Lorca

24. They usually call themselves Romani and originally came from India. Their name is believed to be a corruption of the word "Egyptian" because Medieval Europeans believed they came from Egypt. The Nazis didn't even acknowledge their deaths in the Holocaust, since they were considered the lowest on the natural hierarchy. What is this travelling ethnic group, most of whom live in Eastern Europe?

Gypsies

25. It was originally led by a group of French-educated Marxists and launched its first major insurgence against a right-wing military coup in 1970. Known for its policy of "urban cleansing" which killed at least 3 million people during its years of leadership, what is this formerly Pol Pot-led communist group?

Khmer Rouge

26. His first important discovery came in 1922 and was the finding of lysozyme, a substance with bacteria-killing properties found in mucus and saliva. However, he's better known for his accidental discovery six years later. Who was this winner of the 1945 Nobel Prize in Medicine for his discovery of penicillin?

Sir Alexander Fleming

27. Previously Reagan's Secretary of the Treasury from 1981-85, he was forced to resign from his position as White house Chief of Staff due to his possible involvement in the Iran-Contra scandal. Who is this official whose name is often confused with the president under whom he was employed?

Donald Regan

28. He was defeated along with his father Ahab at the Battle of Ramoth-Gilead by the King of Syria. Who was this biblical personality, king of Judah, also the son of Jezebel, now principally remembered as being part of an exclamation beginning with "Holy" or "Jumpin'?"

Jehosaphat

29. Later novels of his include *The Paper Men*, *The Spire*, and *Rites of Passage*, but he is most well known for his first book. Who was this British recipient of the 1983 Nobel Prize remembered for his book about a group of English school boys on a tropical island reverting to savagery, *Lord of the Flies*?

William Golding

30. It's not known whether the area's named for St. Denis and other early Christian martyrs or for an ancient temple to Mars which once stood there. What is this hill in north Paris topped by the Basilica of Sacré-Coeur and famous for its cabarets?

Montmartre

31. A train carrying red paint travels west at 70 miles per hour while a train carrying yellow paint is travelling east on the same track at 50 miles per hour. If the trains are 620 miles apart, how long will it take for them to collide and leave behind a putrid shade of orange, that along with the foul stench of death would disgust rescue workers?

5 hours 10 minutes

32. Along with Shostakovich and Prokofiev, he was condemned by the Communist Party for his music which was seen as anti-Soviet, but later that year he was praised for his score to the movie, *Lenin*. Who was this composer, an expert on the music and instruments of the Orient, most famous for his "Sabre Dance"?

Aram Ilich Khachaturian

33. His 44-game hitting streak in 1897 was a record until Joe DiMaggio broke it 44 years later. Who was this star of the Baltimore Orioles and New York Highlanders during the dead ball era, who, when asked by a member of the press about his batting strategy, replied, "I hit 'em where they ain't?"

William "Wee Willie" Keeler

34. Even though Homer Simpson supported him, he lost the 1988 Republican nomination for President. A career military officer, he was Nixon's civilian Chief of Staff during Watergate and later NATO commander. Who was this man who, while serving as Secretary of State is was notorious for saying he was in charge at the White House after Reagan's attempted assassination?

Alexander Haig

35. The site is now occupied by the Turkish city of Bodrum. The birthplace of Herodotus, its main building was a square structure containing Ionic columns topped by a 24-step pyramid and a large horse-drawn chariot. What is this ancient city famous for its tomb of King Mausolus?

Halicarnassus

36. The last prisoner in both the Tower of London and Spandau Prison in Berlin, he flew alone to Scotland to try to negotiate a treaty with the British in 1941, when he was captured. Who was this major Nazi figure, the transcriber of *Mein Kampf*, and later Hitler's deputy Führer?

Rudolf Hess

37. This 1957 play features Jimmy Porter, a young man who has reached an uncomfortable position at the edge of the middle class where he can see the traditional possessors of higher rank stop his rise. What is this John Osborne play that came to be seen as the model of an entire generation of young British writers?

Look Back in Anger

38. He became the leading painter in Venice after the death of Titian. His major commissions there include the painting cycle for the Scuola di San Rocco and the decoration of the Doge's Palace after a 1577 fire. Who was this mannerist painter born Jacopo Robusti known for his rendition of the Last Supper?

Tintoretto

39. It must be allowed for in guided missiles, but, contrary to popular belief, it has no real effect on the direction of swirling water. What is this effect, a result of the deflective force caused by the earth's east to west rotation?

Coriolis effect

40. This English city near the Welsh border on the river Wye is famous for its cathedral which contains the Mappa Mundi, a Medieval map of the world. What is this city, from which the villainous bishop in Robin Hood hailed and is the namesake of a variety of beef cattle?

Hereford

41. His novels had been on the English best-sellers list for years, but only became popular in America after a TV miniseries based on his novel, *Odds Against*. Who is this former steeplechase jockey turned detective story writer who places all his novels in a horse racing environment?

Dick Francis

42. His early works include *The High Price of Bullion* and *Reply to Mr. Bosanquet's Practical Observations on the Report of the Bullion Committee*, published in 1810 and 1811, respectively. Who was this English-born Jewish economist educated in the Netherlands most famous for his 1817 work, *On the Principles of Political Economy and Taxation*, which develops his Iron Law of Wages?

David Ricardo

43. It was pioneered in the late 1700s by William Withering, and its side effects include nausea and pulse irregularities, but it increases the efficiency of the heart by strengthening its contractions and slowing its rate. What is this drug that comes from the European woodland plant, foxglove, and was the first cardiac drug?

Digitalis

44. This work was the author's only novel and did not appear until 11 years after his suicide. The author's mother persuaded Walker Percy to publish it, and it quickly won acclaim. A satirical comedy revolving around New Orleans native Ignatius Reilly, it was awarded the Pulitzer Prize in 1981. What is this John Kennedy Toole novel?

A Confederacy of Dunces

45. Born in Vienna, he founded and edited *Der Jude* from 1916-24. He became a professor of comparative religion and then directed an institute for Jewish adult education. In 1938 he fled from the Nazi regime to Palestine. Who was this major figure of religious existentialism and author of the 1923 work *I and Thou*?

Martin Buber

WorCsheet

1. _____ Mountain range whose highest peak is Mt. Elbrus
2. _____ Scottish author of *Sartor Resartus* and *The French Revolution*
3. _____ British general who led the Charge of the Light Brigade
4. _____ Italian island in the Tyrrhenian Sea famous for its Blue Grotto
5. _____ Creator of the detective, Philip Marlowe
6. _____ Another term for the body's biological clock
7. _____ Univision sportscaster famous for yelling
"Goooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooaaal"!
8. _____ Governor of New York who planned the Erie Canal
9. _____ African island nation whose capital is Moroni
10. _____ Christian church in Egypt founded by St. Mark
11. _____ Attempted 1860 compromise by a Kentucky senator that recognized
slavery S of 36°30
12. _____ 18th century Italian adventurer known for his exaggerated exploits
and seductions
13. _____ Acid whose formula is H_2CO_3
14. _____ Uruguayan card game similar to rummy with jokers and deuces wild
15. _____ American city nicknamed "Porkopolis"
16. _____ 19th century French founder of sociology
17. _____ Iron framed glass building designed to house the Great Exhibition of
1851
18. _____ Former Monty Python member and star of TV's *Fawlty Towers*
19. _____ Path traced out by a point on the circumference of a circle as the
circle rolls in a straight line
20. _____ On *The Simpsons*, the superintendent of Springfield schools

AnCers

1. Caucasus
2. Thomas Carlyle
3. Earl of Cardigan
4. Capri
5. Raymond Chandler
6. Circadian Rhythms
7. Andres Cantor
8. DeWitt Clinton
9. Comoros
10. Coptic Church
11. Crittenden Compromise
12. Giacomo Girolomo Casanova
13. carbonic acid
14. canasta
15. Cincinnati
16. Auguste Comte
17. Crystal Palace
18. John Cleese
19. cycloid
20. Superintendent Chalmers

Bonuses for Round 3

Bonus 1: Name the Austrian composers of the following works:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. <i>The Abduction of the Seraglio</i> | -- Wolfgang Amadeus <u>Mozart</u> |
| 2. <i>Songs of the Earth</i> | -- Gustav <u>Mahler</u> |
| 3. <i>The Clock Symphony</i> | -- Franz Josef <u>Haydn</u> |
| 4. <i>The Trout Symphony</i> | -- Franz <u>Schubert</u> |

Bonus 2: Identify the following from your favorite TV programme, *The Simpsons*.

1.5 points for both, all or nothing: the names of the two KBBL DJ's who nearly lost their jobs by offering Bart an elephant as an alternative to a \$10,000 cash prize

2. Homer works in this sector of the nuclear plant.
3. Milhouse was this Radioactiveman sidekick in a failed movie project
4. The Springfield Atoms' star quarterback

1. **Bill and Marty**
2. **Sector 7G**
3. **Fallout Boy**
4. **Dan "The Boy" Taylor**

Bonus 3: How much do you remember about the 1998 World Cup and its players? Answer the following.

1. With his game-winning goal against Argentina in the quarterfinals, he became the leading scorer in Dutch history.
2. This 18-year-old English sensation is remembered for his outstanding breakaway goal in the second round also against Argentina, but in a losing effort.
3. This Danish goalkeeper was one of the major reasons the Danes made the quarterfinals before losing to Brazil.
4. Christian Vieri scored 5 goals for Italy, but this much-hyped striker on the Italian side did not get a single goal.

1. **Dennis Bergkamp**
2. **Michael Owen**
3. **Peter Schmeichel**
4. **Alessandro Del Piero**

Bonus 4: Give the monosyllabic unit of currency of the following nations.

1. Albania -- **Lek**
2. South Africa -- **Rand**
3. South Korea -- **Won**
4. Vietnam -- **Dong**

Lee's Summit North Scholar Bowl Tournament -- October 10, 1998

Round: _____ Team A: _____ Team B: _____

Tossups in 1st and 2nd quarters: 10 points. Tossups in 4th quarter: 20 points.
 Bonus questions 2nd quarter: 5 points. Worksheet questions in third quarter: 10 points

	Team A	Team B		Team A	Team B		Team A	Team B
1.			16.			31.		
2.			17.			32.		
3.			18.			33.		
4.			19.			34.		
5.			20.			35.		
6.			21.			36.		
7.			22.			37.		
8.			23.			38.		
9.			24.			39.		
10.			25.			40.		
11.			26.			41.		
12.			27.			42.		
13.			28.			43.		
14.			29.			44.		
15.			30.			45.		

Score 1st Quarter	Score 2nd Quarter	Halftime Score (1st & 2nd Q)
Team A _____	Team A _____ Bonus _____	Team A _____
Team B _____	Team B _____ Bonus _____	Team B _____

Bonus Points:

Team A	Team B
Bonus 1	
Bonus 2	
Bonus 3	
Bonus 4	

Score 3rd Quarter (Worksheet):	Score 4th Quarter
Team A _____	Team A _____
Team B _____	Team B _____

Final Score: Team A _____ Team B _____

Signatures: Team A _____ Team B _____
 (coach or captain) (coach or captain)